BQA Feedyard Assessment Operation Name: Location: Date: Operation contact Name/Phone: Assessors Name/Phone: Unacceptable/No ▲ Requires Action ▲ Acceptable/Yes Not Applicable Measure Willful abuse of animals will not be tolerated. Willful abuse is defined as acts outside of accepted BQA production practices that intentionally cause pain, injury or suffering including, but not limited to: Intentionally applying any type of driving aid to a sensitive part of the animal including, but not limited to: eye, ear, nose, rectum or genitalia Malicious hitting or beating of an animal Movement of non-ambulatory cattle in a manner inconsistent with BQA recommendations If no abuse was witnessed, mark Acceptable/Yes. If not, make an appropriate mark and fill out the comments section. If abuse is observed, assessor should report the abuse to Feedyard Management immediately. Animal Abuse No animal abuse was observed during assessment. Comments: Abuse/Neglect Animal neglect will not be tolerated. Animal neglect is defined as purposely not providing adequate amounts of feed, water or other necessary care, which results in significant harm to or death of an animal. If an adequate amount of feed, water and other necessary care was provided mark Acceptable/Yes. If not, make an appropriate mark and fill out the comments section. If neglect is observed, assessor should report the neglect to Feedyard Management immediately. **Animal Neglect** Feed, water and other necessary care was available during assessment. Comments:

^{▲ &}quot;Requires Action" or "Unacceptable" items require a description to be placed in the "Comments" field (Comments are optional for "Acceptable" markings.)

	Category Point	Measure	Acceptable/Yes	Requires Action ▲	Unacceptable/	Not Applicable					
oidance	Management techniques must be in place, and currently utilized, to prevent treated cattle that have be treated from being marketed until the withdrawal time has been completed and there is no risk of an animal being marketed with a violative residue level. If management techniques to avoid violative residue are in place and are being utilized, mark Acceptable/Yes. If not, make an appropriate mark and fill out the comments section.										
Withdrawal/Residue Avoidance	Residue Avoidance Comments:	If not, make an appropriate mark and fill out the comments so	ection.								
	points, and, whe	procedures or SOPs must be provided and documented for the specifics are described, that protocol must contain each of the stilly met, mark Acceptable/Yes. If not, make an appropriate to on. Employee training is accomplished by utilizing one of the following: online BQA training platform (bqa.org), face-to-face meetings, on-site training at the feedyard, or other	he iten	n(s) not	ed with	nin th					
Protocols (BMPs/SOPs/Records)	Training	means of training that meet the BQA training requirements as determined by the national BQA standards and state BQA program. • Manager/key employee - BQA training/re-training a minimum of every three years is documented. • Demonstrate that employees and contractors receive BQA training in their respective area(s) of work, prior to conducting job duties in an unsupervised capacity. BQA certification is encouraged for all employees and contractors.									
cols (BN	Pen Surface Maintenance	Is a documented protocol in place for pen surface maintenance?									
Proto	Euthanasia	Is a documented euthanasia protocol in place that meets American Association of Bovine Practicioners (AABP) guidelines?									
	Non- ambulatory Cattle	Is a documented protocol in place for dealing with non- ambulatory cattle?									
	Cattle Comments:										

	Category Point	Measure	Acceptable/Yes	Requires Action	Unacceptable/No.	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
	following catego item(s) noted wi	or Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)] must be provided a ry points, and when specifics are described, that protocol must thin the measure. If the measure is fully met, mark Acceptable/k and fill out the comments section.	conta	in each	of the	
	Herd Health	Are documented herd health protocols in place that address disease prevention, management, and treatment?				
	Antibiotic Stewardship	Have treatment protocols for diseases, lameness, digestive disorders and other cattle health and well-being issues been developed with the feedyard veterinarian, in accordance with current FDA guidance and BQA guidelines for the judicious use of antibiotics?				
	Biosecurity	Is a documented biosecurity protocol in place that addresses visitor logs, staff training, physical security and a current biosecurity plan?				
	Carcass Disposal	Is a documented carcass disposal protocol in place that meets federal, state and local disposal regulations?				
(6	Medication Receiving, Storage, Handling	Are documented protocols available for receiving, handling and storing pharmaceuticals including inventory records, expiration dates, and disposal?				
Records	Broken Needles	Is a documented broken needle protocol in place?				
30Ps/F	Medicated Feed	Is a documented protocol in place for medicated feed and are feed delivery records available?				
Protocols (BMPs/SOPs/Records)	Feed Quality	Is a documented protocol in place for feed quality which includes consultation with a nutritionist, and, the need to collect, store and analyze feed samples, especially related to potential quality issues such as aflatoxin and/or pesticide residue?				
Pro	Receiving/ Processing	Is a documented protocol available for receiving/processing cattle including processing crew responsibilities, number of cattle received, proper use of implants, processing map and animal/group ID?				
	Shipping	Is a documented protocol available for shipping cattle including withdrawal verification and safe-to-ship documents?				
	Emergency Action Plan (EAP)	Is an Emergency Action Plan in place (completed and available)?				
	Supplements	Is there documentation that no ruminant-derived proteins were received or fed?				
	Veterinary/ Client/ Patient Relationship (VCPR)	Is there documentation of a valid VCPR? Documentation may include items such as visit reports, billing records, or other proof documents. *In the BQA Feedyard Assessment, all references to feedyard veterinarian are within the context of a valid VCPR.				
	Comments:	votorinarian are within the context of a valid VOPA.				

	Category Point	Measure	Acceptable/Yes	Requires Action ▲	Unacceptable/No▲	Not Applicable					
CATTLE		num of 100 head of cattle; if the pen does not contain 100 heaminimum of 10 pens; if the site has less than 10 pens then ever									
	is used. Calcul	prods should be minimized. Record the number of cattle on wate the percentage that are prodded and record the percentage cattle observed x $100 =\%$ prodded			-						
	*Use is defined	as discharging electric current while in contact with the animal	l.								
	If 10% or more of	of the cattle are prodded, mark Unacceptable/No and complete	e the c	ommen	ts sect	ion.					
	Driving aides	Is an electric prod used on < 10% of cattle?% (Acceptable is <10.0%)									
	Comments:										
	percentage that =% falling	t fall* upon release from the chute. Record the number of cat fall and record the percentage. Number of cattle that fall ÷ To ed by the animal's torso/belly touching the ground.									
	If 2% or more of	the cattle fall, mark Unacceptable/No and complete the comn	nents s	section.							
	Cattle falling	Falling% (Acceptable is <2.0%)									
Chutes		t stumble/trip* upon release from the chute. Record the num e from the chute. Calculate the percentage that stumble/trip a									
	Number of cattle	e that stumble ÷ Total cattle observed x 100 =% stumblin	g/tripp			0-					
		ping is defined as an animal contacting the ground with a knee									
		of the cattle stumble/trip, mark Unacceptable/No and completon	e the c	ommer	nts sect	ion.					
	Cattle stumbling/ tripping	Stumbling/tripping% (Acceptable is <10.0%)									
	ripping					1					
	Comments:	<u> </u>				<u> </u>					
	Comments: Most cattle will r Record the numl Calculate the pe	not vocalize when in the chute, following restraint but prior to ober or cattle that vocalize following restraint but prior to occurr reentage that vocalize and record the percentage. Number of x 100 =% vocalizing	ence c	of a prod	edure.						
	Most cattle will r Record the numl Calculate the pe cattle observed of	ber or cattle that vocalize following restraint but prior to occurr rcentage that vocalize and record the percentage. Number of	ence c cattle	of a proc that vo	cedure. calize -						
	Most cattle will r Record the numl Calculate the pe cattle observed of	ber or cattle that vocalize following restraint but prior to occurr reentage that vocalize and record the percentage. Number of x 100 =% vocalizing the cattle vocalize following restraint but prior to occurrence o	ence c cattle	of a proc that vo	cedure. calize -						

	Category Point	Measure	Acceptable/Yes	Requires Action ▲	Unacceptable/No.▲	
Chutes	jump or run upor Number of cattle *Do not count tro	ot jump or run* out of the chute following release. Record to release. Calculate the percentage that jump or run and resthat jump or run ÷ Total cattle observed x 100 =% jump of the cattle jump or run upon release from the chute, mark Unments section. Jumping or running% (Acceptable is <25.0%)	ecord the ping or	e percei running	ntage.	
peration	Record the numb	e operated such that the position of the animal is readjusted per of cattle that are miscaught. Calculate the percentage to intage. Number of cattle that are miscaught ÷ Total cattle of	hat are	miscau	ght an	d
. Operation	chute and the bareleased.	efined as the animal being in any position other than with its lance of the body within the chute, or if an animal is caught miscaught and not readjusted, mark Unacceptable/No and c	in the ta	ail/back	gate a	and
Chute Operation	chute and the bareleased.	lance of the body within the chute, or if an animal is caught	in the ta	ail/back	gate a	and
Stocking Rate/Space Chute Operation	chute and the bareleased. If any cattle are resection. Chute operation / Miscaught Comments: Is space available environmental medyard has less and record the period with suffice the suffice of the	e for cattle to be able to stand up, lie down, move freely and anagement? Evaluate a minimum of 10 pens of cattle and as than 10 pens, evaluate all pens). Calculate the percentage ercentage. Number of pens that have sufficient space + Tot sient space	allow foevaluate ge that hal pens	e the co	ard ocking ficient ed x 10	ts (if sp

	Category Point	Measure	Acceptable/Yes	Requires Action ▲	Unacceptable/No ▲	Not Applicable					
ore	water without be cannon bone. Expen/mud condition of pens where permud and record to Number of pens	Cattle should have a dry area to lie down and rest. Additionally, they should be able to get to feed and water without being required to wade through mud more than four inches above their fetlock or mid cannon bone. Evaluate a minimum of 10 pens of cattle and review the pen including the cattle and the pen/mud conditions (if feedyard has less than 10 pens, evaluate all pens). Calculate the percentage of pens where pens are maintained to help cattle have a dry resting area and eliminate wading through mud and record the percentage. Number of pens maintained as noted above ÷ Total pens observed x 100 =% pens maintained to help cattle have a dry resting area and eliminate wading through mud.									
Mud Score	If 70% or more of wading through r	f pens are maintained in a manner to help cattle have a dry remud, or mud is present yet there are obvious preparations or oly conditions, mark Acceptable/Yes. If not, mark Unacceptable	current	efforts	under	way					
	Mud score	Are pens maintained in a manner to help cattle have a dry resting area and eliminate wading through mud?									
	Comments:				J						
LEEDING AM											
FEEDING/WA	Clean and clear v	water should be available at all times. Tanks should not have reforeign material. Evaluate a minimum of 10 tanks (if the site tanks). Calculate the percentage that have clean and clear w	has le	ss than	10 tar						
	Clean and clear vof algae, or other then evaluate all percentage. Nur clean and clear volume of the theorem is the theorem in the theorem in the theorem in the theorem is the theorem in the theorem in the theorem in the theorem is the theorem in the theorem in the theorem in the theorem is the theorem in	foreign material. Evaluate a minimum of 10 tanks (if the site tanks). Calculate the percentage that have clean and clear water of tanks with clean and clear water $\dot{\cdot}$ Total tanks observed.	has le vater ar ved x 10	ss than nd recoi	10 tar d the	nks					
Water	Clean and clear vof algae, or other then evaluate all percentage. Nur clean and clear volume of the theorem is the theorem in the theorem in the theorem in the theorem is the theorem in the theorem in the theorem in the theorem is the theorem in the theorem in the theorem in the theorem is the theorem in	r foreign material. Evaluate a minimum of 10 tanks (if the site tanks). Calculate the percentage that have clean and clear water of tanks with clean and clear water ÷ Total tanks observater. If the tanks have clean and clear water, mark Acceptable/Yes.	has le vater ar ved x 10	ss than nd recoi	10 tar d the	nks					
	Clean and clear vof algae, or other then evaluate all percentage. Nur clean and clear volunacceptable/Nowater access /	r foreign material. Evaluate a minimum of 10 tanks (if the site tanks). Calculate the percentage that have clean and clear with mber of tanks with clean and clear water ÷ Total tanks observed the tanks have clean and clear water, mark Acceptable/Yes. of and complete the comments section. Adequate, clean and clear water supply (i.e. no long-term	has le vater ar ved x 10	ss than nd recoi	10 tar d the	nks					
Water	Clean and clear vof algae, or other then evaluate all percentage. Nur clean and clear volume the clean the clea	r foreign material. Evaluate a minimum of 10 tanks (if the site tanks). Calculate the percentage that have clean and clear with mber of tanks with clean and clear water ÷ Total tanks observed the tanks have clean and clear water, mark Acceptable/Yes. of and complete the comments section. Adequate, clean and clear water supply (i.e. no long-term build-up of manure, algae, etc.) Ald be accessible for cattle and they should be clean and free atable feed. Evaluate a minimum of 10 bunks (if the site has less). Calculate the percentage that are clean and free of spoile and record the percentage. Number of bunks clean ÷ Total less.	e has le vater ar ed x 10 lf not, of spoilless that do not bunks of the control o	mark led, mo an 10 b dy, sour	IO tar rd the % wi	ur, nen 0 =					
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Water	Clean and clear vof algae, or other then evaluate all percentage. Nur clean and clear volume of the second of the	r foreign material. Evaluate a minimum of 10 tanks (if the site tanks). Calculate the percentage that have clean and clear with mber of tanks with clean and clear water ÷ Total tanks observivater. If the tanks have clean and clear water, mark Acceptable/Yes. of and complete the comments section. Adequate, clean and clear water supply (i.e. no long-term build-up of manure, algae, etc.) Ald be accessible for cattle and they should be clean and free atable feed. Evaluate a minimum of 10 bunks (if the site has leas). Calculate the percentage that are clean and free of spoiled and record the percentage. Number of bunks clean ÷ Total leas. If the bunks are clean and free of spoiled, moldy, sour, packed of the part of the comments in the site has least the comments of the bunks are clean and free of spoiled, moldy, sour, packed of the part of the comments is the comments of the comments in the comments is the clean and complete the comments in the clean and complete the comments is the clean and complete the comments in the clean and clear water ÷ Total least the comments is the clean and clear water ÷ Total least the comments is the clean and clear water ÷ Total least the comments is the clean and clear water ÷ Total least the comments is the clean and clear water is the cl	e has le vater ar red x 10 If not, of spoiless that ded, mole bunks of I or unp	mark led, mo an 10 b dy, sour observe	IO tar rd the % wi	ur, nen o =					
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Nater	Clean and clear vof algae, or other then evaluate all percentage. Nur clean and clear volumes of the volumes of the volumes. Feed bunks show packed, or unpal evaluate all bunk unpalatable feed% clean bun of the volumes. Feed bunks Comments: Feed bunks Comments: ICE The unloading ar potentially harmfore or the volumes of	reforeign material. Evaluate a minimum of 10 tanks (if the site tanks). Calculate the percentage that have clean and clear with mber of tanks with clean and clear water ÷ Total tanks observivater. If the tanks have clean and clear water, mark Acceptable/Yes. of and complete the comments section. Adequate, clean and clear water supply (i.e. no long-term build-up of manure, algae, etc.) Indid be accessible for cattle and they should be clean and free atable feed. Evaluate a minimum of 10 bunks (if the site has lead to be completed and record the percentage that are clean and free of spoiled and record the percentage. Number of bunks clean ÷ Total leads. If the bunks are clean and free of spoiled, moldy, sour, packed lift not, mark Unacceptable/No and complete the comments some feed bunks clean and accessible? Are feed bunks clean and accessible?	e has le vater ar red x 10 If not, of spoiless that ded, mole bunks of the control of the contr	ss than nd recor 00 = mark led, mo an 10 b dy, sour observe balatabl	IO tard the	ur, nen ed or 0 = , marl					
Feeding	Clean and clear vof algae, or other then evaluate all percentage. Nur clean and clear volumes of the volumes of the volumes of the volumes. Feed bunks show packed, or unpal evaluate all bunk unpalatable feed with the volumes. Feed bunks Comments: Feed bunks Comments: Comments: ICE	reforeign material. Evaluate a minimum of 10 tanks (if the site tanks). Calculate the percentage that have clean and clear with mber of tanks with clean and clear water ÷ Total tanks observivater. If the tanks have clean and clear water, mark Acceptable/Yes. of and complete the comments section. Adequate, clean and clear water supply (i.e. no long-term build-up of manure, algae, etc.) Indid be accessible for cattle and they should be clean and free atable feed. Evaluate a minimum of 10 bunks (if the site has lead to be completed and record the percentage that are clean and free of spoiled and record the percentage. Number of bunks clean ÷ Total leads. If the bunks are clean and free of spoiled, moldy, sour, packed lift not, mark Unacceptable/No and complete the comments some feed bunks clean and accessible? Are feed bunks clean and accessible?	e has le vater ar red x 10 If not, of spoiless that ded, mole bunks of the control of the contr	ss than nd recor 00 = mark led, mo an 10 b dy, sour observe balatabl	IO tard the	ur, nen ed or 0 =					



Each box represents 1 observed animal. If a "criteria" item listed is observed, place each corresponding letter in the box for that animal. If none are observed the box will remain blank. For example, if the 5th animal observed is prodded with an electric prod and the animal jumped when exiting the chute, then Box 5 would have an "E" and "J" entered in it.

Cattle Handling Observation Scoresheet

TO - Total Observed	_				Max. les	ss than	<u>P/F</u>
E - Electric Prod used	_ / TO x 100	=	%		10	%	P/F
F - Fell upon release from chu	te	/ TO x 100	=	_%	2%	6	P/F
S - Stumbled / Tripped when r	eleased	/ TO	x 100 =	%	109	%	P/F
V - Vocalized in chute before p	rocedures _	/	TO x 100 =	%	5%	6	P/F
J - Jumped or Ran when releas	sed	_ / TO x 10	0 =	%	25	%	P/F
M - Miscaught and not readjus	sted	_ / TO x 10	00 =	%	0%	6	P/F
1 2	3 4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11 12 1	3 14	15	16	17	18	19	20
		10				20	20
21 22 2	3 24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31 32 3	3 34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41 42 4	3 44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51 52 5	3 54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61 62 6	3 64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71 72 7	3 74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81 82 8	3 84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91 92 9	3 94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Comments:



Pen/Equipment Observation Scoresheet

TO - Total Observed S - Stocking Rate/Sp PM - Pen/Mud is o.k W - Water is accessil F - Feedbunks access	ace is o.k 	/ TO x 100 _ / TO x 10	=	_% %		Min 09 70 70 70	% 9% 9%	P/F P/F P/F P/F
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11 12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21 22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Comments: